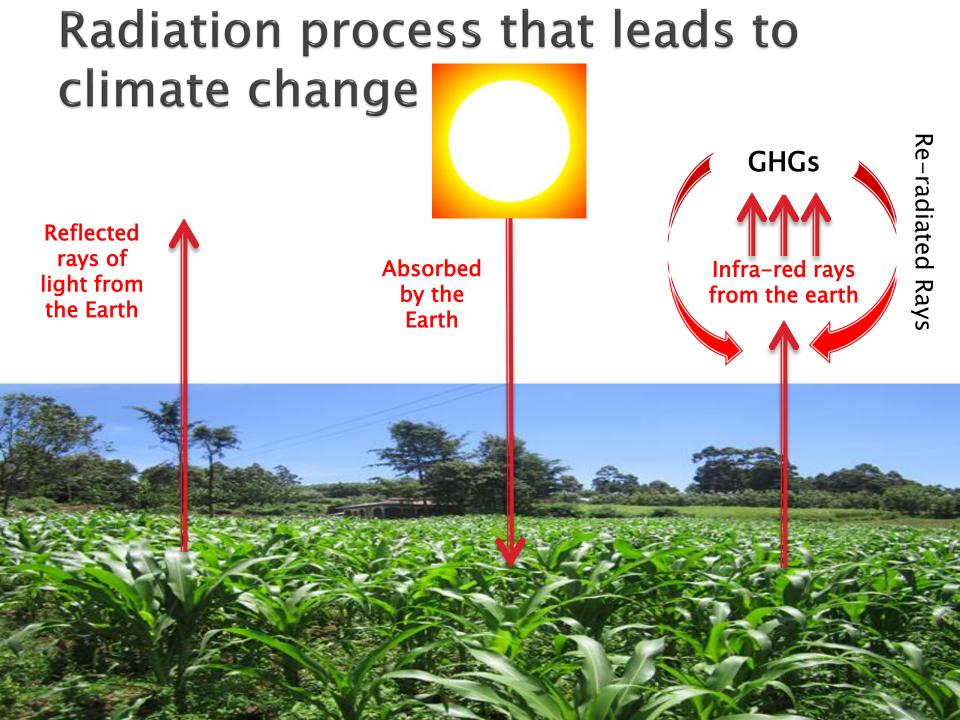
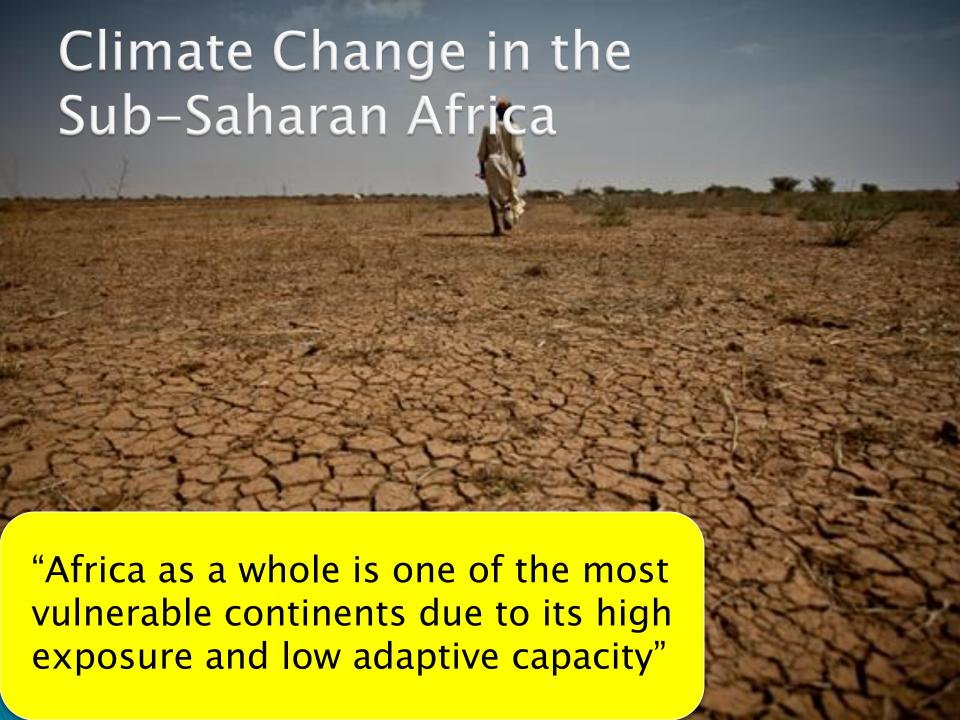
CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE TROPICAL AFRICA

By Prof. Ratemo W. Michieka University of Nairobi

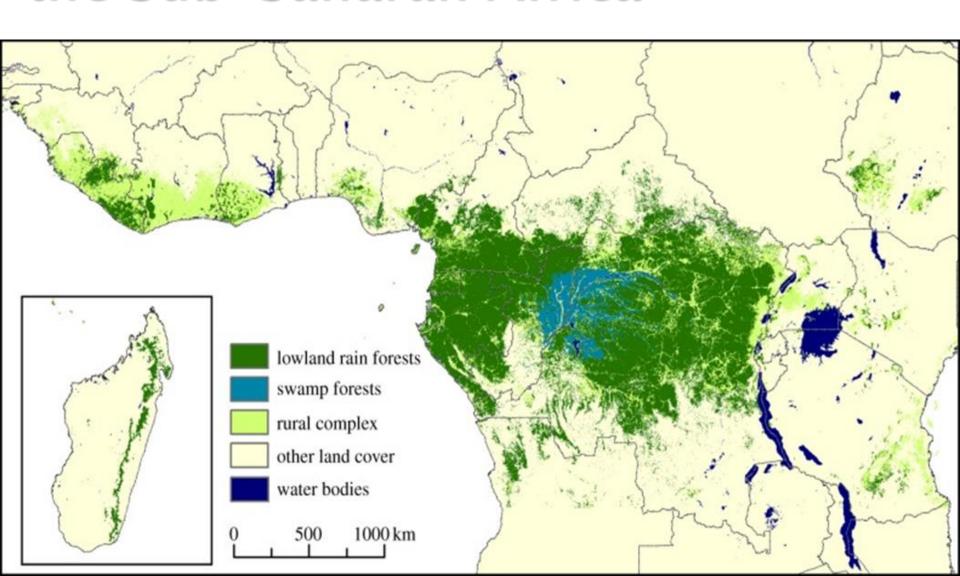
Prof. Ratemo Waya Michieka

- Professor at the University of Nairobi, Kenya
- Hon. Secretary Kenya National Academy of Sciences (KNAS)
- Email: ratemo.michieka@uonbi.ac.ke michiekar@gmail.com

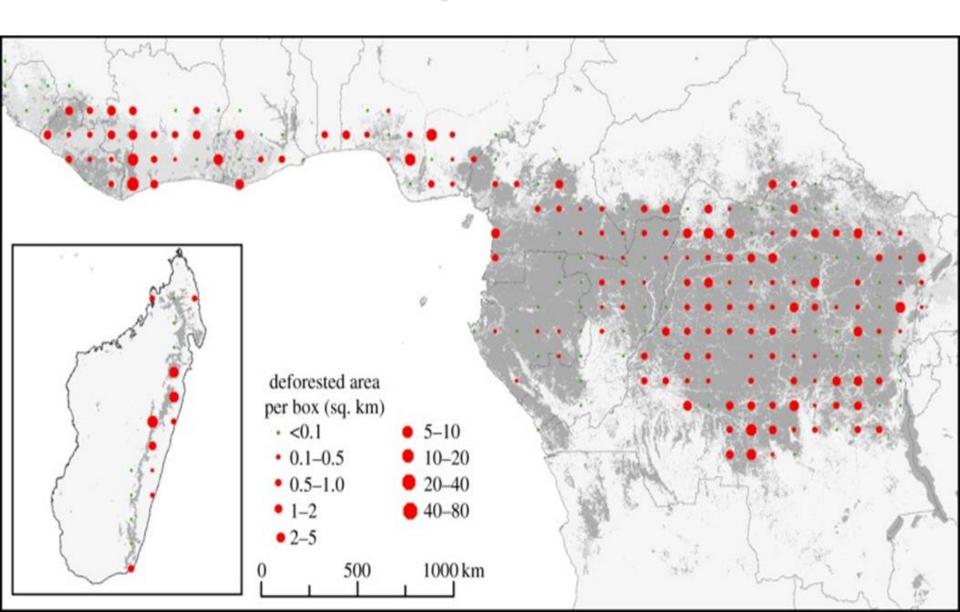




Our Environmental Patrimony in the Sub-Saharan Africa

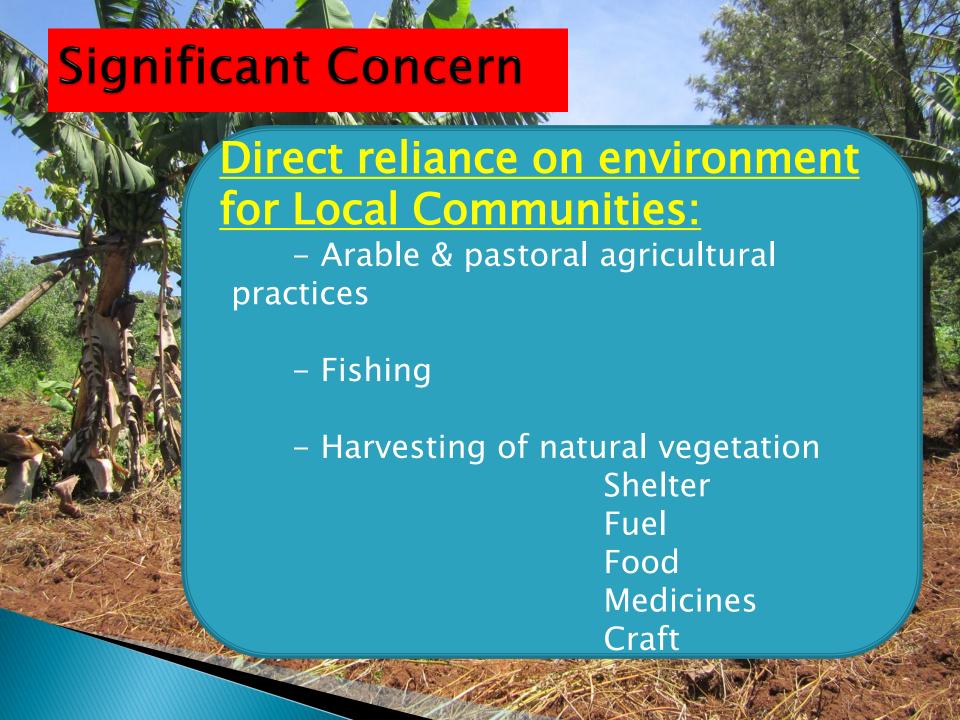


...Threatened by Human Practices



Stresses at various scales:

- High population growth rates
- Underemployment
- Low literacy rates
- Food security challenges
- Health issues; weak health systems
- Low investment in adaptive
 - technologies
- Shortages of skills
- Poor governance



Impacts of C.C.

Weather Patterns:

- Equatorial Forest regions:
 - Increase in warm extremes by about 0.25 degree (c)
 - Decrease in the occurrence of cold spells

Floods in Sierra-Leone, West-Africa, August 2017



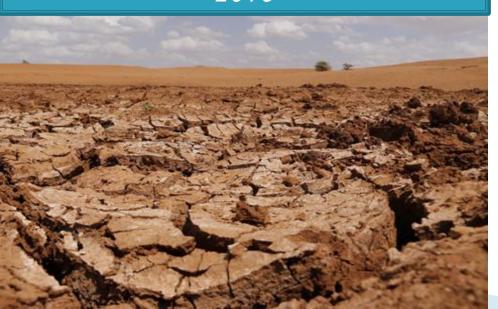
Impacts: Weather Patterns

Savannah regions:

- Extreme rainfall events and

droughts

Severe droughts in the Kenyan Regions 2016



- Floods
- Landslides
- Soil Erosion
- Crop Damage
- Spread of Vector

Impacts: Crops/Plants

- Equatorial Forest Regions:
 - Parasites/Pests: reducing yields

Healthy Cassava

Cassava Brown
Streak Disease
(CBSD) symptoms on
tubers

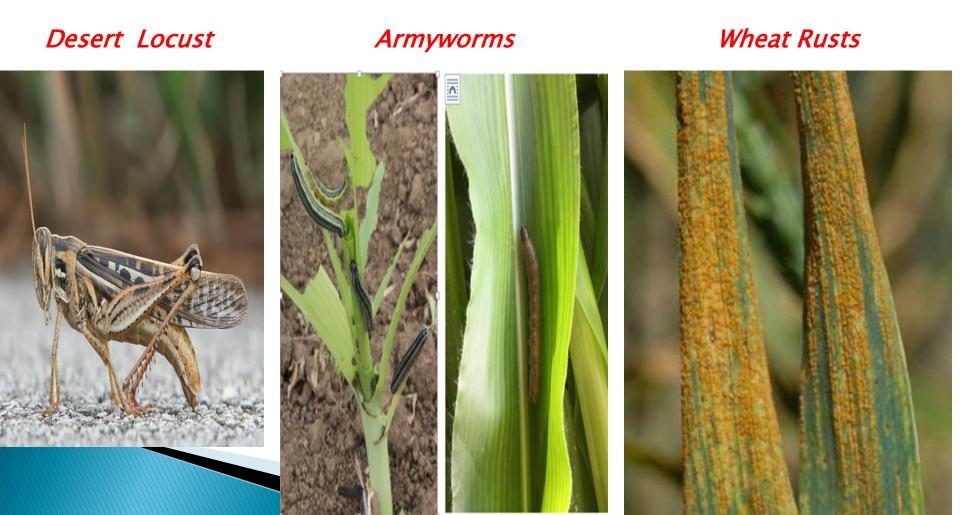


Cassava tuber (right) attacked by parasites



Impacts: Crops/Plants

- Savannah Regions:
 - Transboundary plant pests and diseases



Impacts: Soil/Land

- Equatorial Forest Regions:
 - Agricultural intensification
 - Land Conversion
 - Wood Exploitation

Burning of forest prior to cultivation





Reduction in soil nutrient

Soil Erosion

Land Degradation

Impacts: Soil/Land

- Savannah Regions:
 - Intensification of Chemical Fertilizers
 - Land Conversion
 - Firewood / Charcoal

Land Degradation at Rusinga Island, 2017



Desertification Soil Erosion

Land Degradation

Extent of the Impacts of Climate Change on Agriculture in the Equatorial Forest

Impacts of C.C.	Mean	Standard Deviation
Declining soil fertility	4.15	1.11
Increased weed infestation	4.10	0.98
Increased heat waves	4.08	1.01
Declining yields	3.96	1.17
Increased rainfall	3.93	1.16
Irregular rainfall	3.89	1.17
Increased pests	3.87	1.13
Increased soil erosion	3.83	1.16
Disease infestation	3.77	1.23
Reduced soil moisture	3.63	1.15
Declining vegetation cover	3.62	1.26

(Nicholas Ozor, 2014)

Significant Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture

Weed Infections:

- Importance to weed frequently
- Diversification of crops planted
- Use of resistant crop varieties
- Multiple cropping
- Increased use of inputs



Mitigation and Adaptation options

INDIGENOUS KNOWLEDGE



MODERN TECHNIQUES



Framework for Agricultural Adaptation to Climate Change

Climate Change Impact	Adaption and Mitigation Solutions	
Increased in pest & disease infestations	Mixed cropping; Early planting; Use of pest and disease resistant crops; Controlled use of pesticides; Crop replacement	
Increased weed growth	Cover cropping; Early planting; Prompt weeding; Regulated herbicide use; Use of weed tolerant crop varieties	

Framework for Agricultural Adaptation to Climate Change

Climate Change Impact	Adaption and Mitigation Solutions
Reduction in moisture/drought	Mulching; irrigation schemes; Use of cover crops; Prevention of forest losses along water bodies
Reduction in soil nutrient	Green manuring; Composting; Mixed cropping; Crop rotation; Fallowing

Thank you!



Living in Harmony

with the