# Highly Efficient Removal of Enteric Bacteria from Water with Hybrid Clay Composite

Presented by:

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#### Introduction

~ 2 billion people today drink contaminated water

- Microbial contamination of drinking water: a global concern
- Waterborne Diseases
  - Cholera (Vibrio cholera)
  - Diarrhea and Dysentery (E. coli)
  - Food poisoning and Typhoid (Salmonella typhi).







#### Disinfection of Water

The process of removing, deactivating or killing the pathogenic microorganisms in water, in order to de-contaminate the water.

- Methods for disinfecting water
  - Membrane Technology
  - Ozonation
  - Ultraviolet radiation
  - Chlorination
  - Adsorption
  - Photocatalysis

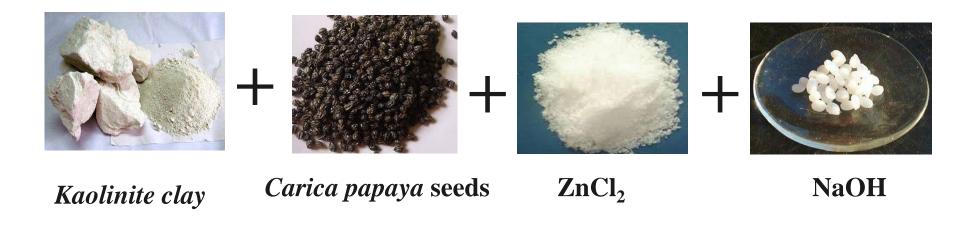






#### **Material Preparation**

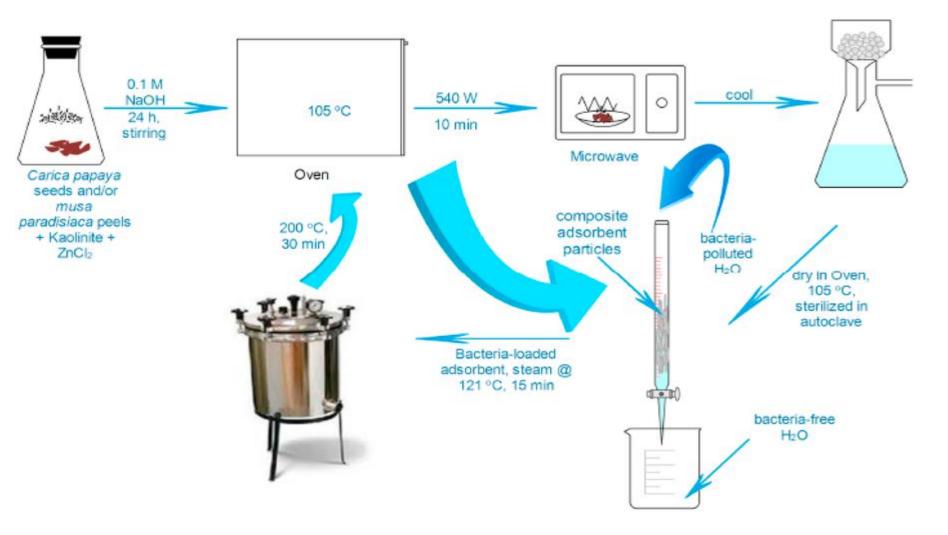
#### Materials









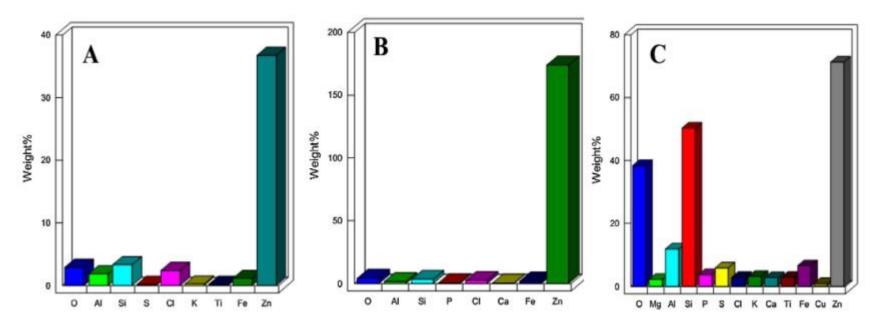


**Scheme:** Preparation and application of bacteriostatic composites for removal of enteric bacterial from water





# Energy Dispersive X-ray Spectroscopy



A = PP-HYCA; B = PS-HYCA; C = PP-PS-HYCA

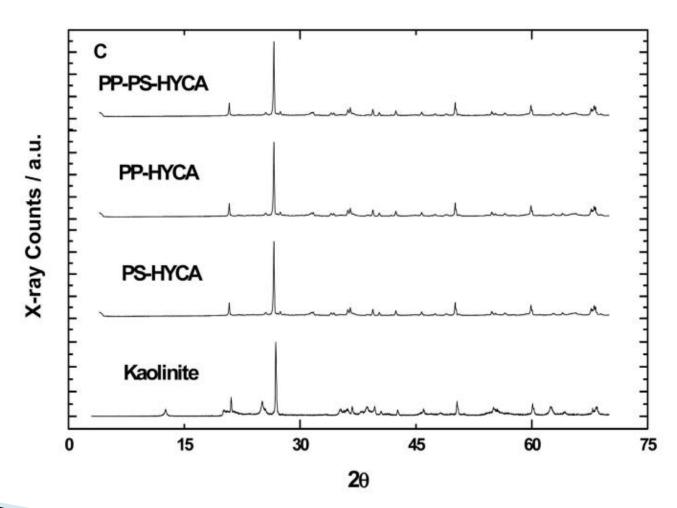
PP = plantain peel

PS = papaya seeds



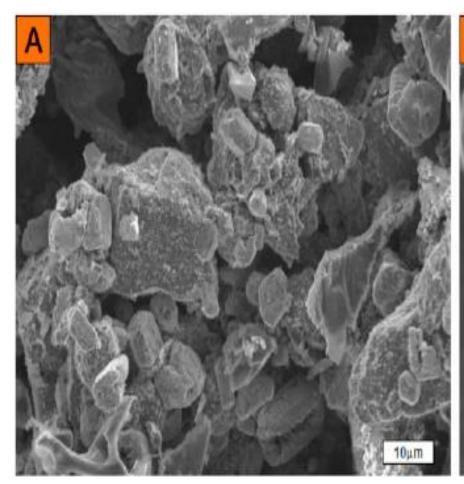


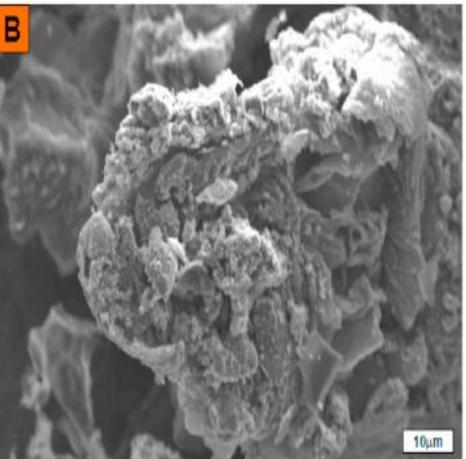
# X-ray Diffraction







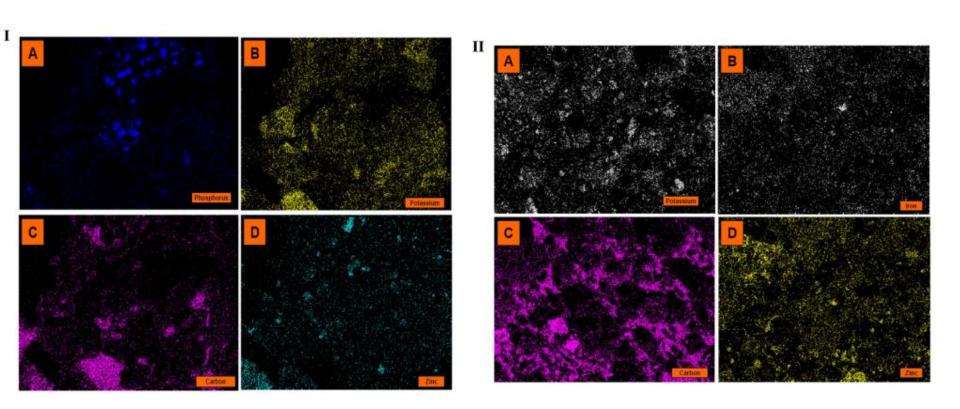








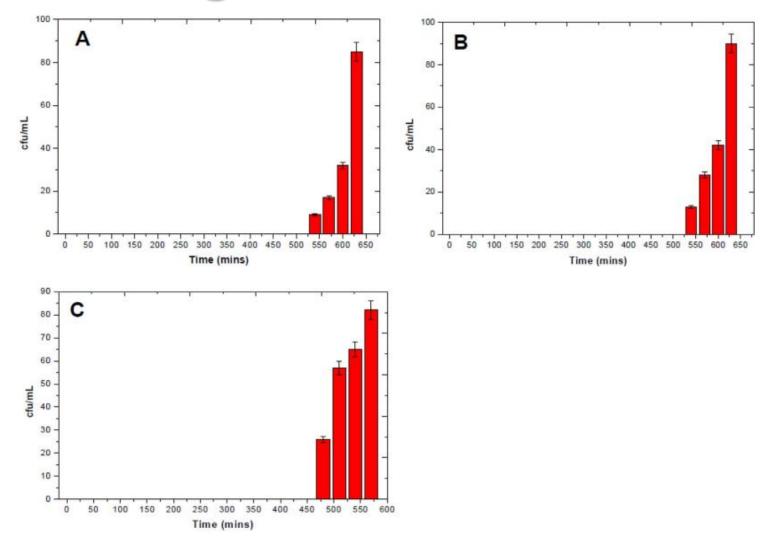
# Elemental Mapping Images







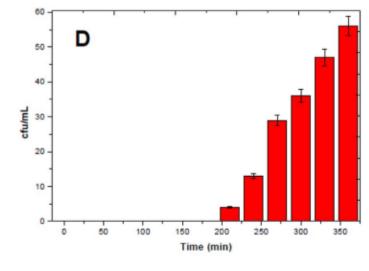
# Breakthrough Results

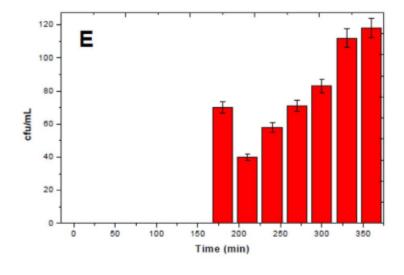


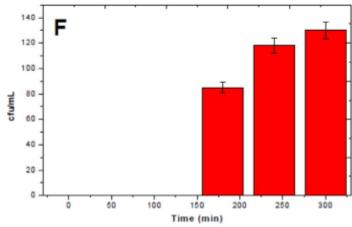




# Breakthrough Results (contd)







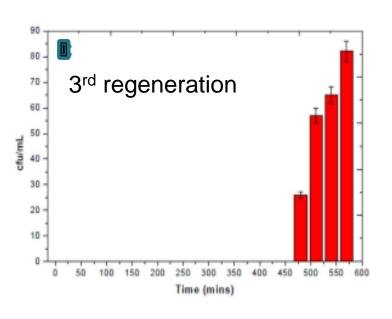


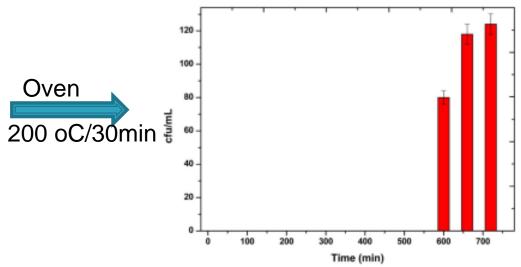


#### Regeneration

• At 10<sup>3</sup> cfu/mL of bacteria load in solution Composite clay material kept the level of the bacteria at zero for up to 36 h

• Steam regeneration vs Ultrasonic methods









### **Appreciation**

- My colleagues on this project
- The students, Koko Terlanga and Leonard Ugege













